

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P - Credits	Year of Introduction
EE209	Electrical Technology	3-1-0 -4	2016

Prerequisite : Nil

Course Objectives

- To understand about the network Elements, types of networks & analysis of complex circuits using Mesh current & Nodal voltage method.
- To impart knowledge on the solution methods of AC and DC circuits.
- To understand the working principle and characteristics of all electrical machines

Syllabus

Types of Networks- mesh current & Nodal voltage method for DC and AC circuits-Basics of Circuit theorems-AC circuits- RLC circuits- series and parallel resonance-Three phase circuits- Power measurements in three phase circuits-DC machines construction – working- EMF equation – Characteristics of DC shunt and series motor and generator-Starters- Concept of transformers-EMF equation- concept of rotating magnetic field- working principle of induction motors-special machines and their application.

Expected outcome.

- Understand the circuit analysis and theorems.
- Understand the concept of three phase RLC circuits.
- Get knowledge in construction and working of dc machines
- Get knowledge in special machines and their applications.
- Understand the construction and working of induction machines.

Text Book:

1. Theraja B.L., Theraja A.K. *A Text Book of Electrical Technology*, Vol.II “AC & DC Machines”, publication division of Nirja construction & development (p) Ltd., New Delhi, 1994.
2. Sudhakar, A. and Shyam Mojan, S.P. *Circuits and Networks Analysis and Synthesis*, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 1994.

References:

1. Raina K.B., Bhattacharya S.K. *Electrical Design Estimating & Costing*, New Age International P Ltd.,2001.
2. Muthusubramanian R & Ayyappan K, *Circuit Theory*, Anuradha Publishign Pvt Ltd., Tamil Nadu 1999.
3. Arumugam & Premkumar, *Electric Circuit Theory*, Khanna Publishers. 2002

Course Plan

Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks
I	BASICS OF CIRCUIT ANALYSIS Types of Networks – Sources transformation – Star – Delta transformation – formation of matrix equation and analysis of circuits using mesh current & Nodal voltage method for DC and AC circuits.	10	15%
II	BASICS OF CIRCUIT THEOREMS Thevenin’s theorem – Norton’s theorem – superposition theorem – maximum power transfer theorem – statement, illustration & application to DC circuits.	9	15%

FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION			
III	AC CIRCUITS: Review of Basic concepts – solution of RLC circuit – power – power factor and energy relation – series resonance – parallel resonance – Q factor – bandwidth. Three phase star-delta connections – characteristic equations – phasor diagrams – solution of 3-phase balanced circuits & unbalanced circuits – Three phase power measurement using watt meters	10	15%
IV	DC MACHINES: Review of constructional details – Working principle of DC generator – EMF equation – No load & load characteristics of shunt generator – working principle of DC motor – back emf – equations for torque & power – characteristics of shunt, series & compound motors – Necessity of starters and their types— power stages – efficiency.	9	15%
SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION			
V	TRANSFORMERS Construction – working principle – emf equation & voltage regulation – vector diagram 3-PHASE INDUCTION MOTORS Production of rotating magnetic field – torque equation, torque – slip characteristics – power stages and efficiency – simple problems – starters & methods of speed control (quantitative treatment only).	10	20%
VI	SPECIAL MACHINES / APPLICATIONS (Qualitative treatment only) Working principle of single phase induction motor – capacitor start & capacitor run motors – Universal motor – stepper motor – servomotor - Synchronous motor Selection of motors with justifications for the following services, *Machine tools *Washing machine *Cranes *WetGrinder *Steel mills * Mixie *Hoist *Electric traction	9	20%
END SEMESTER EXAM			

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN

Maximum Marks : 100

Exam Duration: 3 hours

PART A: FIVE MARK QUESTIONS

8 compulsory questions – 1 question each from first four modules and 2 questions each from last two modules
(8 x 5 = 40 marks)

PART B: 10 MARK QUESTIONS

5 questions uniformly covering the first four modules. Each question can have maximum of three sub questions, if needed. Student has to answer any 3 questions
(3 x 10 = 30 marks)

PART C: 15 MARK QUESTIONS

4 questions uniformly covering the last two modules. Each question can have maximum of four sub questions, if needed. Student has to answer any two questions
(2 x 15 = 30 marks)